

**PhxLnk**

**COLLABORATORS**

	<i>TITLE :</i> PhxLnk		
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## Chapter 1

# PhxLnk

### 1.1 PhxLnk V4.17 (06-Jun-95)

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           Phantasm's
  
```

PhxLnk V4.17

AMIGA-DOS Module Linker

Contents

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### 1.2 Introduction

PhxLnk was written in pure assembler-code, assembled with PhxAss and linked with BLink (first version) and PhxLnk itself. It supports all features of a standard Amiga-DOS linker (like BLink), except of overlay hunks and automatic link vectors (ALV).

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### 1.3 History since V3.00

V4.17 (24-May-95)	Partial support for the SLink (SAS/C). ← PhxLnk defines <code>__ctors</code> and <code>__dtors</code> as NULL to avoid errors during linking. Complete SLink-support may follow in a later release. (if somebody needs it :-)
V4.16 (18-May-95)	Fixing the bug with <code>__MERGED</code> sections in V4.10 generated a new one in the 'normal' small data mode. The shortening of sections, as introduced in V4.00, doesn't work very well.
V4.15 (19-Mar-95)	PhxLnk can generate RELOC32SHORT blocks.
V4.10 (21-Feb-95)	Linking of <code>__MERGED</code> sections had a bug.
V4.03 (09-Feb-95)	When PhxLnk discovers a read error, while reading a '@'-file, it crashed.
V4.02 (25-Jan-95)	PhxLnk can read the object and library names from one or several files.
V4.00 (18-Nov-94)	PhxLnk V4.00 requires OS2.04 as a minimum. As a result it offers the standard <code>ReadArgs()</code> -Command Line parsing and is much shorter. DEBUG Hunk blocks are treated the same way as with SAS/C's BLink, which gives the possibility to generate load files for a Source Level Debugger. The latest version of the PowerVisor Debugger, V1.42, unfortunately has still some problems with BLinked programs, consisting of several source files, so there is a compatibility switch, called

#### PVCOMPAT

.

The new argument `DEFINE` (see CLI Parameters )

gives the possibility to define an absolute Linker-Symbol (quite similar to the small data symbols supplied by PhxLnk).

By utilizing the new switch

#### BLINKCOMPAT

PhxLnk

will treat small data modules the same way like SAS/C's BLink does.

Data and Bss sections, which were named "`__MERGED`", will be coalesced into a small data section (without having to specify the `SMALLDATA` switch).

Zero bytes at the end of a Code or Data section will be ignored, which shortens the resulting load file. Because that doesn't work under Kickstart 1.x, there is a compatibility switch called

KICK1

.

- V3.10 (04-Aug-94) Fixed a bug with catastrophic proportions, which sometimes appeared when linking with libraries. To be honest: I don't think, that one of the pre-V3.10 versions are safe enough to link libraries ;-)  
PhxLnk was completely localized. Until now, german and polish catalogs are available.  
Documentation was converted into Amiga-Guide format.
- V3.05 (31-Jul-94) Fixed a linker-library bug: Sometimes sections of a library, though not included, appeared in HUNK\_HEADER with random length.  
HUNK\_RELOC and HUNK\_SYMBOL of zero length will no longer be included.
- V3.01 (22-Jan-94) Because of massive changes in V3.00, there was a little bug with the name of the output file.
- V3.00 (18-Jan-94) Fixed many problems with library linking, which could lead to a FreeMemoryTwice Guru (or even worse).  
Some linker symbols of Lattice/SAS (`_LinkerDB`, `__BSSBAS`, `__BSSLEN`) and DICE (`__RESIDENT`, `__DATA_BAS`, `__DATA_LEN`, `__BSS_LEN`) are supported.  
The special library format of Lattice/SAS, using `HUNK_LIB` and `HUNK_INDEX`, is also supported. PhxLnk converts them into standard library format.

## 1.4 Instructions

Requirements

Starting PhxLnk

Parameters

Linker Symbols

Small Data

## 1.5 System Requirements

Since PhxLnk V4.00 you *must* have OS2.04 (V37) as a minimum. This makes PhxLnk much shorter, faster and easier for me to code. I don't think that this limitation (which is a progress in my eyes) doesn't hurt anybody nowadays, if you use your Amiga for more than just playing :-)  
(even my good old A1000 has OS3.1 installed).

PhxLnk is tested with the following configurations:

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A4000 (68040), 2 Chip, 8 Fast, OS3.1  
 A1000 (68010), 0.5 Chip, 2 Fast, OS3.1

## 1.6 Starting PhxLnk

Normally, PhxLnk is started from your shell. You should copy it to ↔  
 "C:" or  
 define a path to its directory.

Format: PhxLnk [FROM] {<object module|library module>}  
 [TO <output file>] [SMALLCODE] [SMALLDATA] [NODEBUG] [CHIP]  
 [PRESERVE] [PVCOMPAT] [BLINKCOMPAT] [KICK1] [MAXSECTS=<n>]  
 [DEFINE "<symbol>[=value][,<symbol>...]" ]

Template: FROM/M, TO/K, SC=SMALLCODE/S, SD=SMALLDATA/S, ND=NODEBUG/S, CHIP/S,  
 PRESERVE/S, PV=PVCOMPAT/S, B=BLINKCOMPAT/S, K1=KICK1/S,  
 MAXSECTS/K/N, DEF=DEFINE/K

Starting PhxLnk with no argument or with a single '?' will display a short  
 description. For a more precise description, refer to  
 Parameters

.

There are three types of modules which can be linked:

- o Object modules with extension ".o" or ".obj" which normally consist of one unit. PhxLnk also links object modules with several units.
- o Library modules with extension ".lib" which can consist of any number of units. PhxLnk will only include units, if at least one ext\_def-symbol is referenced in an object module unit or in an already included library unit.
- o Lattice/SAS Extended Library modules (also with ".lib" extension). They are translated into the standard library format by PhxLnk (not a very good solution - but it works).

Names with another extension will be rejected.

The module names can appear in any order, provided the first is an object module which contains the startup code.

IMPORTANT!

Load files created by PhxLnk are NOT Kickstart 1.x compatible by default! PhxLnk deletes zero bytes at the end of a section and tries to use the much shorter RELOC32SHORT blocks, unless you set the

KICK1 switch

.

## 1.7 Description of command line parameters

FROM/M All parameters without a keyword specify the names ↔  
 of the  
 object and library modules to link. For valid name exten-  
 sions refer to  
 Starting PhxLnk

.  
Names which start with an '@' specify the name of an ascii file, which contains object and library names (or even more '@'s, if you like). These names can be separated by blanks, tabs, linefeeds or whatever you want. '"' are supported.

TO/K Determines the name of the output file to be produced. If not specified, the output file has the name of the first module without its extension. Example:  
"PhxLnk prog1.o prog2.o c.lib m.lib" will generate a load file with the name "prog1".

CHIP/S This switch forces all sections to be loaded to Chip memory.

PRESERVE/S The normal case is, that PhxLnk removes all section with zero length to save memory. Choose this switch, if you want to preserve empty sections.

B=BLINKCOMPAT/S PhxLnk will be compatible to BLink, when linking small data modules. That means, that if the small data section is smaller than 32k, PhxLnk will use a small data pointer (\_LinkerDB) which points to the beginning of this section instead 32766 bytes into it. As a result all near-offsets will start with 0 instead -32766.

K1=KICK1/S PhxLnk creates a load file which is compatible to Kickstart 1.x. That will prevent PhxLnk from deleting zero-bytes at the end of a section or trying to generate these nice RELOC32SHORT blocks.

SC=SMALLCODE/S Normally only the sections with the same type and name will be coalesced. This switch makes PhxLnk to ignore the names of Code sections and to produce one large Code sections. Usually SMALLCODE is chosen, when using the small code model with your assembler or compiler.

SD=SMALLDATA/S As with SMALLCODE the section names are ignored, but now for all Data and Bss sections. Important: Data and Bss will not be mixed. This large section will contain first all Data and then all Bss sections.  
Because the Bss part has no definite contents (only zeros), only the Data part will be stored. The size of Bss is stored together with the Data size in the load file's header.  
Since OS2.0 the Bss part will be initialized to zero, when it's loaded (e.g. by LoadSegment()). But beware (!!), this is not the case with Kickstart 1.x!  
If you don't want to see your programs crash on some Kick 1.3 dinosaurs, I recommend to clear the Bss part manually by using the special Linker-symbols \_DATA\_BAS\_, \_DATA\_LEN\_ and \_BSS\_LEN\_ (refer to Linker Symbols for more information).  
All references to symbols of this Small Data section will be calculated as if the Bss sections were directly behind the Data.



You should use this switch, when compiling/assembling your code with Small Data model enabled.

- ND=NODEBUG/S The HUNK\_SYMBOL and HUNK\_DEBUG blocks, which contain informations for a debugger will not be included in the output file.
- PV=PVCOMPAT/S This switch activates the PowerVisor compatibility mode, which is necessary when using Source Level Debugging informations in your program. Unfortunately the author of PowerVisor, Jorrit Tyberghein, currently does not plan a new release.
- MAXSECTS/K/N Determines the maximum number of sections per unit. The default value ist 16, which should be enough for most cases.
- DEF=DEFINE/K Defines an absolute Linker Symbol. Definition of multiple symbols must be seperated by commas. Don't forget the to embed the whole term, which follows DEFINE, in quotes (because of some problems with ReadArgs()) !

## 1.8 Linker Symbols

The linker itself creates some `ext_def($01xxxxxx)` and `ext_abs( ← $02xxxxxx)` symbols which will be needed by the startup code of a program using the Small Data model.

`__DATA_BAS__` (ext\_def) Base address of the small-data section.  
`__DATA_LEN__` (ext\_abs) Length of the Data-part of the small-data section.  
`__BSS_LEN__` (ext\_abs) Length of the Bss-part of the small-data section.

For compatibility with Lattice/SAS or DICE you may also use these symbols:

Lattice/SAS:

`__LinkerDB` (ext\_def) This symbol can be used to initialize your small data base register. Normally it will point 32766 bytes into the small data section, but when the BLink compatibility switch was selected and the small data area is smaller than ← 32k, it will point to its beginning.

`__BSSBAS` (ext\_def) Base address of the Bss-part of the small-data section.

`__BSSLEN` (ext\_abs) Length of the Bss-part in longwords.

`__ctors` and `__dtors` are always zero.

DICE:

`__DATA_BAS` (ext\_def) Base address of the small-data section.  
`__DATA_LEN` (ext\_abs) Length of the Data-part of the small-data section in longwords.

\_\_BSS\_LEN (ext\_abs) Length of the Bss-part of the small-data section in longwords.  
 \_\_RESIDENT (ext\_abs) Always zero.

## 1.9 Small Data

Small-data symbols can be accessed in a range of 65534 (\$fffe) ← bytes. When a symbol is outside of this range, the linker will display an error. The small data model must be initialized by the startup code. When you're using A4 as small data pointer, the initialization would look like this:

```
xref    _DATA_BAS_          ;
        _DATA_BAS_
        is a linker symbol

lea    _DATA_BAS_+32766,a4    ; a4 always points to the mid. of small data
```

## 1.10 Known Bugs

- o If the output file has more than 1000 sections there could be a stack overflow :-)

If any bugs or questions occur, please write to :

My Address

## 1.11 My Address

Standard Mail:

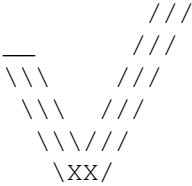
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 (currently polled one or two times per month -  
 valid until November '95 ??)

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A M I G A F O R E V E R !